

# About InView Imaging

InView Medical Imaging & Vein Care Center is a multi-modality diagnostic imaging center serving the Fremont community and greater bay area. We offer a wide selection of diagnostic imaging studies plus a variety of interventional procedures from biopsy tests to vein ablation. InView Imaging is dedicated to offering quality patient-focused care within a friendly environment, while making the patient experience as comfortable and uncomplicated as possible.

Our dedicated and highly trained staff is ready to answer any of your questions and to ensure the safety and accuracy of your exams.

The commitment to our patients is translated through our superior customer service standards, knowledge and expertise in diagnostic imaging and through the advanced technology used by our center.

“Where Patients  
Come First”

# Multi-Modality

- MRI
- CT (CAT Scan)
- Ultrasound
- Bone Density
- Breast MRI
- Virtual Colonoscopy
- Image-Guided Biopsy
- Angiography
- Body Scan
- Total Body Fat Composition

[www.InviewImaging.com](http://www.InviewImaging.com)

# Convenience For Patients

- Insurance Authorization Processing
- Patient Scheduling
- Patient Transportation
- Walk-Ins Welcome\*
- Full Report (4 Hours)
- Wet Read/STAT (1 Hour)
- Satellite Radio in MRI Suite
- Images available on CD-ROM
- Physicians may also use our convenient on-line image viewing capability.

*\*there may be some wait time for walk ins.*

# Map & Directions

39465 Paseo Padre Pkwy, Suite 1000 (1st floor)  
GM Plaza Building - Next to the Alameda Courthouse

(510) 490-0961 phone      [www.InviewImaging.com](http://www.InviewImaging.com)  
(510) 490-0971 fax

From Hwy 880, take Stevenson Blvd exit heading east. Make a left on Paseo Padre, the GM Plaza Building will be on your left. Turn into the driveway and our entrance is located in the rear of the building.



# Advanced Breast Imaging

SPECIALIZING IN BREAST MR & SUCTION BIOPSY



(510) 490-0961

# BREAST MRI

## MRI for Breast Cancer Detection

InView Medical Imaging is one of the first imaging centers in Northern California to offer advanced bilateral breast MRI studies. Our state-of-the-art, high field magnet combined with 3-D CADstream technology delivers the most efficient post processing of images, resulting in FAST and ACCURATE breast MRI studies.

Most importantly, not only are our radiologists board certified, but they have also been specifically trained in reading and interpreting Breast MRI studies.

## Clinical Indications for Contrast Breast MR

- Lobular cancer
- Occult breast cancer
- Close or positive surgical margins
- Post-operative scar vs. tumor recurrence
- High-risk screening: breast cancer gene carriers (BRCA 1 or 2 mutations); prior treatment for lymphoma
- Neo-adjuvant chemotherapy or brachytherapy
- Suspected multiple or bilateral cancer
- Implants and known or suspected cancer
- Problematic mammogram

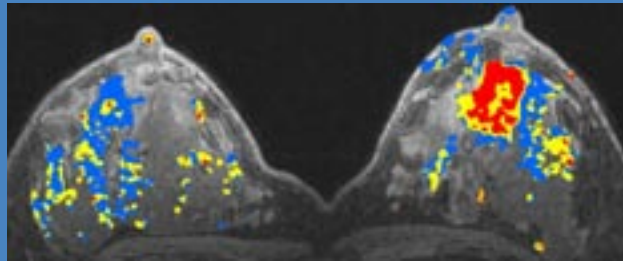
## Advantages

- Higher sensitivity than mammography (overall 90-98%)
- Better contrast
- Images entire breast, chest wall & axilla
- Good for dense breasts (class 3 or 4)
- No radiation and associated risks
- No painful compression
- Converts some lumpectomy patients to mastectomy

## CADstream Technology

Computer Aided Detection plays an integral role in offering a high quality Breast MR Program at InView Imaging. CADstream is designed solely for Breast MR study analysis and interpretation and offers standardization and efficiency in delivering accurate diagnosis to patients and their doctors.

For patients and their referring physicians this translates to faster reporting, typically within a day for a full diagnostic report which will include lesion characterizations, volume analysis, angiogenesis maps, maximum intensity projections (MIPs) and more.



# MRI-GUIDED SUCTION BIOPSY

Suspicious lesions found on breast MRI scans can be biopsied using InView Imaging's Minimally Invasive MR-Guided Suction Assisted Biopsy, one of the latest techniques being used for non-palpable lesions.

Many centers can only scan patients and must refer them to other facilities to be biopsied, which frequently results in another pre-biopsy MRI by the new facility.

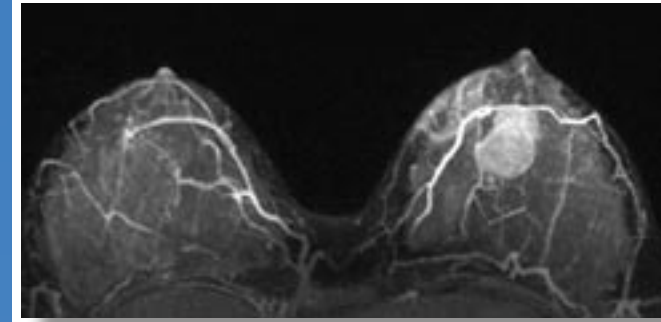
By offering both breast MRI and breast biopsy onsite, we ensure high quality results with the most accurate diagnosis possible.

Using the ATEC® Breast Biopsy and Excision System by Suros Surgical, we are able to acquire suspicious tissue samples from the body through the smallest possible needle, all in one continuous and contiguous manner.

An MRI-guided biopsy of the breast is a minimally-invasive procedure that establishes a precise diagnosis of a breast problem without the need for a surgical biopsy.

## Benefits

- True 9 and 12 gauge disposable needle options.
- First and only system offering petite needle for small breasted women.
- Automatic tissue collection in a closed system, limiting fluid exposure.
- Up to 16 tissue samples in 1 minute.
- Ability to biopsy patients with multiple lesions in a single gadolinium injection session.
- Saline lavage flushes out the biopsy cavity, enhancing visibility on post-biopsy images and ensuring clinical confidence and accurate sampling.
- The length of the procedure is typically 30 minutes.
- A patent pending Y-Valve that continuously delivers pain medication during the biopsy procedure, reducing patient anxiety and interruptions.



## American Cancer Society Recommended Guidelines

According to the American Cancer Society, women at high risk for breast cancer should get screened with MRI scans in addition to mammography and ultrasound, beginning at age 30.

Women who are diagnosed with breast cancer in one breast should get an MRI scan in the opposite breast.

1 in 10 women diagnosed with breast cancer in one breast will develop the disease in the opposite breast.

## High Risk Includes

- They have a BRCA1 or BRCA2 gene mutation
- They have a first-degree relative (parent, sibling, child) with a BRCA1 or 2 gene mutation, even if they have yet to be tested themselves.
- Their lifetime risk of breast cancer has been scored at 20%-25% or greater, based on one of several accepted risk assessment tools that look at family history and other factors.
- They had radiation to the chest between the ages of 10 and 30
- They have Li-Fraumeni syndrome, Cowden syndrome, or Bannayan-Riley-Ruvalcaba syndrome, or may have one of these syndromes based on a history in a first-degree relative.